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Venice, January 31. *N. S.*

ON the 27th and 29th Inſtant, the Law-Suit, depending between the Duke of Guaſtalla and the Duke of Lorrain, concerning the Effects of the late Duke of Mantua, was pleaded before the Council of the Fourteen, and ſeveral Articles were decided in favour of the Duke of Lorrain. The Pretenſions of the Duke of Guaſtalla to part of this Inheritance, are to be further debated on the 10th of the next Month. The Expreſs which our Regency lately diſpatched to Monſignior Mocenigo, the Ambaſſador of this Republick to the French King, is returned from Paris; and our Miniſter is alſo ſpeedily expected from that Court. The laſt Advices from Rome ſay, that the Indiſpoſition of the Pope being in ſome Meaſure abated, his Holineſs had given Audience to ſome of his Miniſters; yet ſuch is the Nature of his Diſtemper, that it is thought he will never recover a perfect State of Health. An Expreſs hath been ſent to Vienna, to recall Monſieur Albani from that Court, under pretext of the Pope's Sickneſs, with a Commiſſion to leave the Direction of thoſe Affairs which are yet undetermined between his Holineſs and the Emperor, to the Nuncio Monſieur Piazza. The Differences between the Duke of Anjou and the Court of Rome encreaſe, and all hopes of Reconciliation ſeem to be vaniſhed. That Prince hath ordered his Miniſter, Monſieur Molines, to command all the Spaniards who are ſolliciting any Buſineſs at the Court of Rome, to return into Spain within four Months, by which means the Datary will be deprived of all the great Advantages which it receives from the Spaniſh Dominions.

Vienna, February 1. *N. S.* After divers Conſultations on the Meaſures that are to be taken for the ſucceſsful Proſecution of the War, the Aulick Council hath determined, that a Sum of twenty two Millions of Florins be raiſed for the Service of the enſuing Year. As ſoon as ſufficient Funds are eſtabliſhed for levying that Sum, Prince Eugene deſigns to ſet out for Holland. The Malecontents in Hungary having lately made ſome Excurſions towards Presburg, General Heiſter is returned into that Kingdom, to prevent any Advantages they might obtain by reaſon of his abſence. Since the departure of that General, we have received Advice of frequent Succeſſes of the Imperialiſts, and the Government of Gran hath ſent an Expreſs to this Court, with an Account that Baron Sickengen with a Detachment of Imperial Troops had entirely defeated a much ſuperior Body of Malecontents in the Valley of Walkerez on the 22d of the laſt Month, and had killed three thouſand on the Spot, and taken all their Baggage, and ſeveral Enſigns, Colours and Standards. It is alſo ſaid, that our Forces have poſſeſſed themſelves of the Caſtle of Tonawecz, which is ſituated on the Frontiers of Poland, and made the Garriſon, conſiſting of 40 Men, Priſoners of War. It is hoped that General Heiſter will happily conclude the War in Hungary this next Campaign, if the Malecontents ſhould not ſubmit themſelves to His Imperial Majeſty, and acknowledge their Allegiance to the Houſe of Auſtria, before the Germans ſhall be ready to take the Field, and be enabled to purſue the Succeſſes that have lately attended their Arms in that Kingdom. We have received no freſh Advices concerning the King of Sweden; and our laſt Letters from the Ottoman Port confirm the Accommodation of all Miſunderſtandings between the Grand Signior and the Czar of Muſcovy. This Court hath reſolved to ſend conſiderable Reinforcements into Italy, from whence they are to be tranſported to Catalonia, for the Service of his Catholick Majeſty. Count Thaun is ſpeedily expected in this City from Milan. The Recruits are carried on with Succeſs in all the Hereditary Dominions of his Imperial Majeſty; and it is conſtantly affirmed, that the Army on the Upper-Rhine will be very much augmented, in order to oppoſe the Enemy's Deſigns of penetrating into the Empire.

Copenhagen, February 8. *N. S.* A Squadron of ſeven Men of War is ready to ſail for the Eaſt Sea, with a Fleet of forty or fifty Veſſels laden with Proviſions for the Iſlands of Bornholm and Chriſtianſan, under their Convoy. An Agreement hath been concluded with two German Officers, for raiſing a Regiment of twelve hundred, and a Battalion of ſix hundred Men, for the Service of his Daniſh Majeſty. Theſe Officers are to receive twenty Rix-Dollars for every Man that ſhall be cloathed at their Expence; and they have engaged to compleat the whole within ſix Months after the firſt of the next Month. On the 6th Inſtant an Expreſs arrived here from the Daniſh Army in Schonen, with Advice, that the Detachment which had lately poſſeſſed themſelves of Chriſtianſtadt, had alſo taken the Town of Carlshaven without Reſiſtance; and had exacted twelve thouſand Rix-Dollars of the Inhabitants, to exempt it from being burned, which is the firſt Demand of Contributions they have made ſince their Deſcent. Carlshaven is ſituated in Blekingen, which is one of thoſe three Provinces that formerly belonged to the Crown of Denmark. After this Succeſs the Danes continued their Rout towards Carlſcroon, and had taken ſix hundred Swediſh Sailors by Surprize, between Carlshaven and that Place. Advices from the Frontiers of Sweden ſay, that General Steinbock had ſent divers Couriers to Stockholm, earneſtly ſolliciting a ſpeedy and effectual Reinforcement to ſtop the Progreſs of the Danes, and impatiently expects the new Levies that have been raiſed in Sweden for that Service.

Hamburgh, February 7. *N. S.* We have received Advice from Schonen, that the Swedes have not yet been able to oppoſe the Progreſs of the Danes, but expect, with the utmoſt impatience, the Reinforcements which are in Motion towards the Frontiers; in the mean time they have taken all poſſible Precautions for the Security of Karlſcroon, or at leaſt for preventing their Fleet from falling into the Enemies Hands. We are adviſed from Poland, that King Auguſtus paſſed the Oder on the 27th of the laſt Month on his Journey to Warſaw, in which City the Hereditary Prince of Muſcovy expects his Arrival. Moſt of the Provincial Diets have concluded their Seſſions, and elected Deputies to aſſiſt at the General Diet, which is to be aſſembled at Warſaw. It is ſaid, the Palatinate of Lublin hath given it in Inſtruction to their Deputies, to Congratulate His Majeſty on his happy Return into Poland, to ſollicit Pardon for ſome of their Nobles that had deſerted the Intereſts of His Majeſty, and to obtain leave for their return into the Kingdom; theſe Deputies are further to intreat the King to order all the Muſcovite Troops immediately to evacuate Poland, except twelve Thouſand Foot, who are to be maintained at their Charge in purſuance of an Agreement with the Czar; to conſent to the Augmentation of the Army of the Crown, and to offer ſeven Hundred and Fifty Men to be raiſed by that Palatinate as their Quota. It is ſaid, a Day will be appointed for aſſembling another General Diet, that the Commotions which ſtill diſturb the Tranquility of the Kingdom may be compoſed, and the Confederacy of Sendomir may determine without pernicious Conſequences to the State.

Falmouth, February 2. On the 31ſt ſailed the John and Alice of London, laden with Fiſh for the Streights. Yeſterday ſailed the Coulſtal Galley of and for Middleburg from Zant, with the Betty Brigantine from Virginia, bound for Limes. This Day ſailed hence the Pearl of and for London from St. Cruz, and the Catherine of and for the ſame Place from Cadiz.

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